



The national park of Tunari is located in the eastern range of the Andes Cordillera. It concludes an area of 3.000 square kilometers with a population of 80.000 people, mainly small farmers. Even though the area was designated as a national park and a law for afforestation was passed, the deforestation and the so called “slash-and-burn agriculture” could not be stopped. The southern slopes of the national park are deserted and due to soil erosion, the consequences for the nature and people are fatal.



The deserted southern slopes of the NP Tunari

In a nature conservation project the farmers and their families are supported to change the agriculture to the model of dynamic agro forestry. The target is to obtain „edible“ forests that offers the families organic products as well as new revenue sources.



Workshop in dynamic agro forestry

Hauni donates two trees to support the project for each completed survey for conversion.

Here you can learn more details about the environmental organization Naturefund (English):

<http://www.naturefund.de/en.html>

Here you can learn more about methods of dynamic agro forestry (English):

http://www.naturefund.de/en/projects/dynamic_agroforestry.html



Reforestation of parcels and the result after nine years: an „edible“ forest

(all pictures provided by Naturefund)